

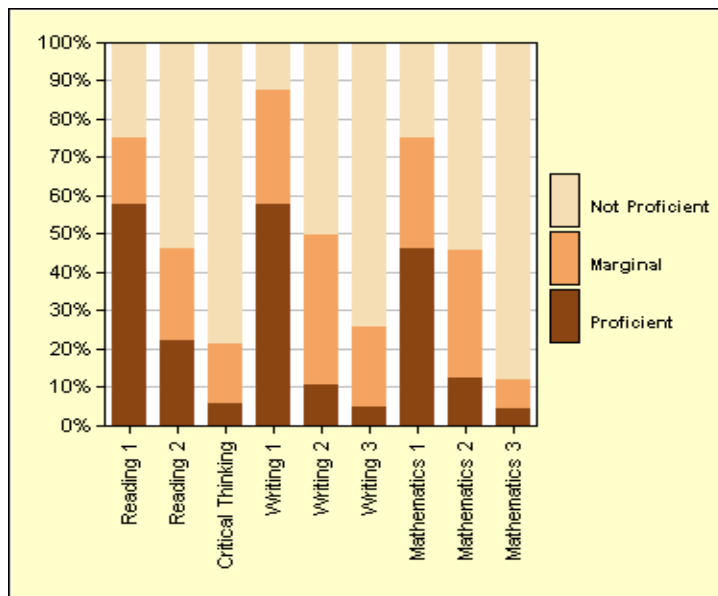
ENMU MAPP Score Reporting (Spring 2008)

In April 2008, ENMU conducted MAPP assessments of 164 rising juniors. Reported below are composite data of the 158 valid scores, with comparisons from spring 2006 and 2007. This spring, ENMU students' mean score was 439.31 on the MAPP test, slightly above the 50th percentile (437.0). Scores from spring 2008 show a slight gain over all 2007 categories and in six categories of spring 2006.

MAPP	2008	2007	2006
Total Score	439.31	437.69	438.03
Critical Thinking	110.91	110.51	110.69
Reading	116.26	115.72	115.90
Writing	113.63	113.00	113.41
Mathematics	111.85	111.60	111.10
Context-Based Sub-Scores			
Humanities	113.40	113.13	113.41
Social Science	112.35	111.85	112.05
Natural Science	114.39	113.90	113.96

The skills measures by the MAPP test are grouped into proficiency levels, with three basic proficiency levels for reading /critical thinking, writing, and mathematics. In the table below, gains are reflected in smaller percentages of students scoring "not proficient" in Reading Level 2 and Critical Thinking in 2008. Also noted are increases in Reading Level 1.

Overview of ENMU MAPP Scores – Spring 2008



The graph displays the percentage of students who scored at the "proficient," "marginal," or "not proficient" categories in each skill dimension.

Abilities Reflected by "Proficiency" Scores in the MAPP Test

Reading 1: recognize factual material; understanding phrases in context.

Reading 2: ability to synthesize information, recognize valid inferences, interpret figurative language, discern focus of passage.

Critical Thinking (highest level): evaluating procedures, casual explanations, and hypotheses.

Writing 1: recognize grammar, word choice, sentence order, transitions

Writing 2: detect subtle grammar errors, use sophisticated syntax, ability to recast sentences in effective ways

Writing 3: effective revision, ability to use sophisticated syntax, constructions.

Math 1: graph reading, solving problems using number line, operations

Math 2: algebra problems solved with arithmetic; ratios, complex problems

Math 3: solve problems with difficult concepts (exponents, roots), interpret graphs.